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Gross profits came to over 100 million live; and net profits to 78 million live.

- 9. The following co-missions were received by Simes during the months January to April 1951:
  - a. 7,000 tons of lemons for the USSE 20 million live;
  - b. Cork for reland, via the Sceno film 7.5 million lire;
  - c. Imports of migs from Pol nd 500,000; and
  - d. Imports of eggs from Poland 2,000.

# Trade with Satellites

- 10. Pyrites are being bought by Piero Opinon: of the URL Unione Rappresentance Estero) firm and by Bruno Maias of Scoofin for Rumania and Bungary respective.

  1v. URB is interested in 10,000 tens of pyrites, which at the beginning of May were in Trieste, and was considering saking use of the assistance of the Australian Mercentile Company, 96 Via IV Movembre, Rome, to conduct a "reexport operation." As of mid-lay 1961, this operation had not been completed, as the URB firm appeared to be meeting difficulties.
- 11. The Coviet Commercial Delegation in Italy has requested the assistance of the Simes-Wordexport group in obtaining strepsomycin. UNE is trying to obtain streptomycin and penicillin for Chimamyore, the Rumanian chemical organization.
- 12. Poland and other satellite countries the Chimimport firm in particular, have requested sulfonamides. As it is impossible to obtain sulfonamides directly from Italy, the question of resupport is being quamined.

#### USSR

- 13. In addition to streptomycin, the UDER is interested in obtaining copper, volatile oils, and essences. A certain Ingegniere Corvisions of Mercurio Muropeo his offered 1,000 tons of copper of United States origin for reexport to the USER. However, as his price was 1,350 per ton, the offer was declined, with the explanation that the Soviets can get Chilean copper at 1,090 per ton, and have, in fact, bouldt many thousands of tons via Switzerland.
- 14. Mercurio Europeo has now proposed to Simon a transit operation via Genoa with regard to dyes and codium perborate from the Enited States.

#### Pol nd

# Chemicals and Pharmacouticals

- 15. During his stay in Italy at the end of spail 1951, Maurice Krakowski, special delegate of the Polish chemical organization JUCH, completed a deal with ACH (Azlenda Colori Bazioneli Affini) for dye intermediates to a value of 500,000. In mpd-May 1951, samples were dispetched to Poland. The first consignment is valued at 100,000.
- 16. The Simes firm has been asked to complete negotiations started by krahouski for the following items:
  - a. 100 tons of barium carborate with the Societa Bario & Derivati, bilan;
  - b. Phthalic anhydride with Bombrini-Farogia-Delfino, Calleferro (Rome). Poland will supply the naphthalene. CONFIDENTIAL

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c. Acetic anhydride with Codexbi, Via Dogana, Milan.

All the above-mentioned contracts are to be concluded on the basis of the It-lo-Polish clearing account.

17. CLECH has also requested Simes to out ain cobalt salts (intermediates rather than the finished products) for use in printing aircraft. So quantity was specified.

#### Forwarding Agency

- 18. SACE (Societa Anonima Italian: Prodotti Unimici), 8 Via Luosi, Milan, proposed using the Danzas firm for forwarding its Polish orders, but Edward Leiss, Polish Communcial Counsellor in Rome, made the S. C. firm accept TICE (Trasporti Internazionali Centro Suropa) insteas.
- 19. During the course of his visit, Krakowski stated that he had previously spent a considerable puriod of time in Smitzerland. During this period, he had obt ined close collaboration from the CIBA firm for the supplying of dye intermediates of all types, phenacetin, aspirin and bidratin (sic).
- 20. Krakowski stated that he had been in It by during 1949 with the Trade Delegation which negotiated the Italo-Polish Trade Agreement.

# Ball Bearings

During the Milan Fair, the Folish delegates stated that the Polish firm Polimex had made direct contacts with MIV concerning deliveries of ball bearings. It is apparent that the problem of experts to Pol nd has not been solved. Edward Weiss has spoken of possibly arranging for re-experts via Israel. His deputy, a certain Micczorck, rentioned during May 1951 that one of the directors of RIV had stated that, should the Italian Government object to the granting of expert licenses, there would be strikes and worker's demonstrations, and that the factory could not function without orders from Eastern Europe.

#### Coal

- 22. Weiss has concluded several contracts with Chaudio Caliolo of the Consorato Carbonifero Italiano firm for the supplying of folish coal to Italy. Caliolo applied for and obtained a wise for a visit to Poland during March 1951. Eighty thousand tons of each will be sent by sea to Genea from Poland4.
- 23. On 10 May 1951, the Dolmine firm concluded a barter deal with Poland according to thich Dalmine a need to supply tubes to roland against 6,000 to 13,000 tons of Polish coal. Delmine is now offering the coal for sale at 118,25 per ton f.o.b. Polish ports.

#### Congrel Trade

- 24. The Varimox firm f hersaw is negotiating with Itelian firs through Simos for the following items:
  - a. Films from the 'errania firm large quantities;
  - b. Pressed fiber:
  - c. Cork (wood) 500 tens; and
  - d. Cork insulating materials 2,000 cubic meters (coefficient of thermo conductivity required 0.36; \*\*\* CONFIDENTIATION CONDUCTORS OF CONTRACTORS OF CONTRA

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- 25. Varinex contacted the following bilan firms during the Eilan fair for the purpose of establishing the basis for future negotiations:
  - a. Universal Trading Company, 24 Corse Venezia;
  - b. Societa Hartl, 3 Via Piemonte;
  - c. Battiti Maggioni e C, 8 Via Larga;
  - d. SITIA, 4 Via Salasco:
  - .e. Aceifeld, 1 Via Livorno; and
  - f. Alessandro lisz, 26 Via Fatebenefratelli, Italian representative of the Hungarian ceramic industry.
- 26. Spartaco Vannoni, arsaw rapresentative of the Simes-Nordexport group, stated that he is leaving his post, and is expected to return to Rome.

#### Poland and Czechoslovakia

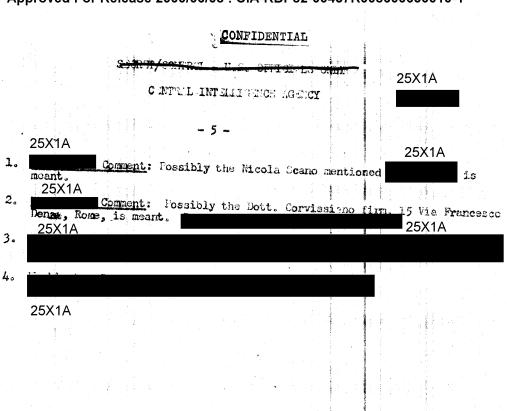
27. A recent agreement between Foland and Israel has facilitated the use of Israeli channels in connection with the re-englort of merchandise. The Polish delogation to the Milan Fair received instructions to "suggest" that commodities which were difficult to send direct to Iron Curtain countries, be re-exported to Israel. The Poles and the Czechoslovaks acted in collaboration in this matter.

# Activities of Firms Collaborating with the Simes-Nordexport Group

- 28. In April 1951, the CLI (Consorzio Italiano Asportazione Importazione) obtained a license for the export of 30 tons of morecury from the Monte Amiata firm.

  They were effered up to 100 tons of morecury but could not secure a license for more than thirty. CLI accepted the assistance of the Australian Mercantile Company to export the mercury to Foland via Switzerland. The mercury will be shipped "transit Switzerland."
- 29. Edward Meiss, with whom CLEI collaborates very closely, has requested the assistance of the latter in obtaining sine ore for poland, using Israel as a transit base. The Mineors and Montevecchio firms of Milan are to be approached.
- 30. Parel Samet, the senior partner of Chill, was schoduled to leave for the United States in May 1951 to open a branch office of the firm.
- 31. On 8 May 1951, a conference took place between Augenic sale, Morberto d'Alessandri, and Atore Cacciaguerra of the CALIND firm, I liazzo Santa Maria Beltrade, Milan. Cacciaguerra is interested mainly in feedstuffs, but appears to be of use to the It lian Communist Party for the following reasons:
  - a. He is very friendly with Eduardo Clorici, Under Secretary in the Ministry of Foreign Trade; this is very useful from the point of view of obtaining loading licenses; and
  - b. He took part in recent negotiations between FTAT and Czechoslovakia in which Czechoslovakia delivered Folish foodstuffs in return for FI T products.
- 32. In May 1951, Cacciaguerra was negotiating for meat, eggs, and livestock from Foland, to be supplied by Gzechoslovakia in return for FIAT products to be sent the latter country. Cacciaguerra has his own representative in Marsaw.
- 33. The Italo-Damibiana Company recently started negotiations with the Commercial Section of the Polish Embassy in Rome.

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